CLAIMS

- 1. An isolated polypeptide comprising at least an immunogenic portion of a prostate-specific protein, or a variant thereof, wherein the protein comprises an amino acid sequence that is encoded by a polynucleotide sequence selected from the group consisting of:
- (a) sequences recited in any one of SEQ ID NO: 2, 3, 8-29, 41-45, 47-52, 54-65, 70, 73-74, 79, 81, 87, 90, 92, 93, 97, 103, 104, 107, 109-111, 115-160, 171, 173-175, 177, 181, 188, 191, 193, 194, 198, 203, 204, 207, 209, 220, 222-225, 227-305, 307-315, 326, 328, 330, 332, 334, 350-365, 381, 382, 384, 386, 389, 390, 392, 393, 396, 401, 402, 407, 408, 410, 413, 415-419, 422, 426, 427, 432, 434, 435, 442-444, 446, 450, 452, 453, 459-461, 468-471, 472-476, 524, 526, 530, 531, 533, 535 and 536;
- (b) sequences that hybridize to any of the foregoing sequences under moderately stringent conditions; and
 - (c) complements of any of the sequence of (a) or (b).
- 2. An isolated polypeptide according to claim 1, wherein the polypeptide comprises an amino acid sequence that is encoded by a polynucleotide sequence recited in any one of SEQ ID No: 2, 3, 8-29, 41-45, 47-52, 54-65, 70, 73-74, 79, 81, 87, 90, 92, 93, 97, 103, 104, 107, 109-111, 115-160, 171, 173-175, 177, 181, 188, 191, 193, 194, 198, 203, 204, 207, 209, 220, 222-225, 227-305, 307-315, 326, 328, 330, 332, 334, 350-365, 381, 382, 384, 386, 389, 390, 392, 393, 396, 401, 402, 407, 408, 410, 413, 415-419, 422, 426, 427, 432, 434, 435, 442-444, 446, 450, 452, 453, 459-461, 468-471, 472-476, 524, 526, 530, 531, 533, 535 and 536, or a complement of any of the foregoing polynucleotide sequences.
- 3. An isolated polypeptide comprising a sequence recited in any one of SEQ ID NO: 108, 112, 113, 114, 172, 176, 178, 327, 329, 331, 339, 383, 477-483, 496, 504, 505, 519, 520, 522, 525, 527, 532, 534 and 537-550.
- 4. An isolated polynucleotide encoding at least 15 contiguous amino acid residues of a prostate-specific protein, or a variant thereof that differs in one or more

substitutions, deletions, additions and/or insertions such that the ability of the variant to react with antigen-specific antisera is not substantially diminished, wherein the protein comprises an amino acid sequence that is encoded by a polynucleotide comprising a sequence recited in any one of SEQ ID NO: 2, 3, 8-29, 41-45, 47-52, 54-65, 70, 73-74, 79, 81, 87, 90, 92, 93, 97, 103, 104, 107, 109-111, 115-160, 171, 173-175, 177, 181, 188, 191, 193, 194, 198, 203, 204, 207, 209, 220, 222-225, 227-305, 307-315, 326, 328, 330, 332, 334, 350-365, 381, 382, 384, 386, 389, 390, 392, 393, 396, 401, 402, 407, 408, 410, 413, 415-419, 422, 426, 427, 432, 434, 435, 442-444, 446, 450, 452, 453, 459-461, 468-471, 472-476, 524, 526, 530, 531, 533, 535 and 536, or a complement of any of the foregoing sequences.

- 5. An isolated polynucleotide encoding a prostate-specific protein, or a variant thereof, wherein the protein comprises an amino acid sequence that is encoded by a polynucleotide comprising a sequence recited in any one of SEQ ID NO: 2, 3, 8-29, 41-45, 47-52, 54-65, 70, 73-74, 79, 81, 87, 90, 92, 93, 97, 103, 104, 107, 109-111, 115-160, 171, 173-175, 177, 181, 188, 191, 193, 194, 198, 203, 204, 207, 209, 220, 222-225, 227-305, 307-315, 326, 328, 330, 332, 334, 350-365, 381, 382, 384, 386, 389, 390, 392, 393, 396, 401, 402, 407, 408, 410, 413, 415-419, 422, 426, 427, 432, 434, 435, 442-444, 446, 450, 452, 453, 459-461, 468-471, 472-476, 524, 526, 530, 531, 533, 535 and 536, or a complement of any of the foregoing sequences.
- 6. An isolated polynucleotide comprising a sequence recited in any one of SEQ ID NO: 2, 3, 8-29, 41-45, 47-52, 54-65, 70, 73-74, 79, 81, 87, 90, 92, 93, 97, 103, 104, 107, 109-111, 115-160, 171, 173-175, 177, 181, 188, 191, 193, 194, 198, 203, 204, 207, 209, 220, 222-225, 227-305, 307-315, 326, 328, 330, 332, 334, 350-365, 381, 382, 384, 386, 389, 390, 392, 393, 396, 401, 402, 407, 408, 410, 413, 415-419, 422, 426, 427, 432, 434, 435, 442-444, 446, 450, 452, 453, 459-461, 468-471, 472-476, 524, 526, 530, 531, 533, 535 and 536.
- 7. An isolated polynucleotide comprising a sequence that hybridizes under moderately stringent conditions to a sequence recited in any one of SEQ ID NO: 2, 3, 8-29, 41-

45, 47-52, 54-65, 70, 73-74, 79, 81, 87, 90, 92, 93, 97, 103, 104, 107, 109-111, 115-160, 171, 173-175, 177, 181, 188, 191, 193, 194, 198, 203, 204, 207, 209, 220, 222-225, 227-305, 307-315, 326, 328, 330, 332, 334, 350-365, 381, 382, 384, 386, 389, 390, 392, 393, 396, 401, 402, 407, 408, 410, 413, 415-419, 422, 426, 427, 432, 434, 435, 442-444, 446, 450, 452, 453, 459-461, 468-471, 472-476, 524, 526, 530, 531, 533, 535 and 536.

- 8. An isolated polynucleotide complementary to a polynucleotide according to any one of claims 4-7.
- 9. An expression vector comprising a polynucleotide according to any one of claims 4-8.
- 10. A host cell transformed or transfected with an expression vector according to claim 9.
- 11. An isolated antibody, or antigen-binding fragment thereof, that specifically binds to a prostate-specific protein, the protein comprising an amino acid sequence encoded by a polynucleotide sequence recited in any one of SEQ ID NO: 2, 3, 8-29, 41-45, 47-52, 54-65, 70, 73-74, 79, 81, 87, 90, 92, 93, 97, 103, 104, 107, 109-111, 115-160, 171, 173-175, 177, 181, 188, 191, 193, 194, 198, 203, 204, 207, 209, 220, 222-225, 227-305, 307-315, 326, 328, 330, 332, 334, 350-365, 381, 382, 384, 386, 389, 390, 392, 393, 396, 401, 402, 407, 408, 410, 413, 415-419, 422, 426, 427, 432, 434, 435, 442-444, 446, 450, 452, 453, 459-461, 468-471, 472-476, 524, 526, 530, 531, 533, 535 and 536 or a complement of any of the foregoing polynucleotide sequences.

- 12. A monoclonal antibody that specifically binds to an amino acid sequence selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NO: 496, 504, 505, 509-517, 519, 520, 522 and 539-551.
- 13. A monoclonal antibody comprising a complementarity determining region selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NO: 502, 503 and 506-508.
 - 14. A fusion protein comprising at least one polypeptide according to claim 1.
- 15. A fusion protein according to claim 14, wherein the fusion protein comprises an expression enhancer that increases expression of the fusion protein in a host cell transfected with a polynucleotide encoding the fusion protein.
- 16. A fusion protein according to claim 14, wherein the fusion protein comprises a T helper epitope that is not present within the polypeptide of claim 1.
- 17. A fusion protein according to claim 14, wherein the fusion protein comprises an affinity tag.
- 18. An isolated polynucleotide encoding a fusion protein according to claim 14.
- 19.. A pharmaceutical composition comprising a physiologically acceptable carrier and at least one component selected from the group consisting of:
 - (a) a polypeptide according to claim 1;
 - (b) a polynucleotide according to claim 4;
 - (c) an antibody according to any one of claims 11-13;
 - (d) a fusion protein according to claim 14; and

- (e) a polynucleotide according to claim 18.
- 20. A vaccine comprising an immunostimulant and at least one component selected from the group consisting of:
 - (a) a polypeptide according to claim 1;
 - (b) a polynucleotide according to claim 4;
 - (c) an antibody according to any one of claims 11-13;
 - (d) a fusion protein according to claim 14; and
 - (e) a polynucleotide according to claim 18.
- 21. A vaccine according to claim 20, wherein the immunostimulant is an adjuvant.
- 22. A vaccine according to claim 20, wherein the immunostimulant induces a predominantly Type I response.
- 23. A method for inhibiting the development of a cancer in a patient, comprising administering to a patient an effective amount of a pharmaceutical composition according to claim 19.
- 24. A method for inhibiting the development of a cancer in a patient, comprising administering to a patient an effective amount of a vaccine according to claim 20.
- 25. A pharmaceutical composition comprising an antigen-presenting cell that expresses a polypeptide according to claim 1, in combination with a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier or excipient.
- 26. A pharmaceutical composition according to claim 25, wherein the antigen presenting cell is a dendritic cell or a macrophage.

- 27. A vaccine comprising an antigen-presenting cell that expresses a polypeptide according to claim 1, in combination with an immunostimulant.
- 28. A vaccine according to claim 27, wherein the immunostimulant is an adjuvant.
- 29. A vaccine according to claim 27, wherein the immunostimulant induces a predominantly Type I response.
- 30. A vaccine according to claim 27, wherein the antigen-presenting cell is a dendritic cell.
- 31. A method for inhibiting the development of a cancer in a patient, comprising administering to a patient an effective amount of an antigen-presenting cell that expresses a polypeptide encoded by a polynucleotide recited in any one of SEQ ID NO: 1-111, 115-171, 173-175, 177, 179-305, 307-315, 326, 328, 330, 332-335, 340-375, 381, 382 and 384-476, 524, 526, 530, 531, 533, 535 and 536, and thereby inhibiting the development of a cancer in the patient.
- 32. A method according to claim 31, wherein the antigen-presenting cell is a dendritic cell.
- 33. A method according to any one of claims 23, 24 and 31, wherein the cancer is prostate cancer.
- 34. A method for removing tumor cells from a biological sample, comprising contacting a biological sample with T cells that specifically react with a prostate-specific protein, wherein the protein comprises an amino acid sequence that is encoded by a polynucleotide sequence selected from the group consisting of:

- (i) polynucleotides recited in any one of SEQ ID NO: 1-111, 115-171, 173-175, 177, 179-305, 307-315, 326, 328, 330, 332-335, 340-375, 381, 382 and 384-476, 524, 526, 530, 531, 533, 535 and 536; and
 - (ii) complements of the foregoing polynucleotides;

wherein the step of contacting is performed under conditions and for a time sufficient to permit the removal of cells expressing the prostate-specific protein from the sample.

- 35. A method according to claim 34, wherein the biological sample is blood or a fraction thereof.
- 36. A method for inhibiting the development of a cancer in a patient, comprising administering to a patient a biological sample treated according to the method of claim 50.
- 37. A method for stimulating and/or expanding T cells specific for a prostate-specific protein, comprising contacting T cells with at least one component selected from the group consisting of:
 - (i) a polypeptide according to claim 1;
- (ii) a polypeptide encoded by a polynucleotide comprising a sequence provided in any one of SEQ ID NO: 1-111, 115-171, 173-175, 177, 179-305, 307-315, 326, 328, 330, 332-335, 340-375, 381, 382 and 384-476, 524, 526, 530, 531, 533, 535 and 536;
 - (iii) a polynucleotide encoding a polypeptide of (i) or (ii); and
 - (iv) an antigen presenting cell that expresses a polypeptide of (i) or (ii),

under conditions and for a time sufficient to permit the stimulation and/or expansion of T cells.

38. An isolated T cell population, comprising T cells prepared according to the method of claim 37.

- 39. A method for inhibiting the development of a cancer in a patient, comprising administering to a patient an effective amount of a T cell population according to claim 38.
- 40. A method for inhibiting the development of a cancer in a patient, comprising the steps of:
- (a) incubating CD4⁺ and/or CD8+ T cells isolated from a patient with at least one component selected from the group consisting of:
 - (i) a polypeptide according to claim 1;
- (ii) a polypeptide encoded by a polynucleotide comprising a sequence of any one of SEQ ID NO: 1-111, 115-171, 173-175, 177, 179-305, 307-315, 326, 328, 330, 332-335, 340-375, 381, 382 and 384-476, 524, 526, 530, 531, 533, 535 and 536;
 - (iii) a polynucleotide encoding a polypeptide of (i) or (ii); or
 - (iv) an antigen-presenting cell that expresses a polypeptide of (i) or (ii); such that T cells proliferate; and
- (b) administering to the patient an effective amount of the proliferated T cells, and thereby inhibiting the development of a cancer in the patient.
- 41. A method for inhibiting the development of a cancer in a patient, comprising the steps of:
- (a) incubating CD4⁺ and/or CD8+ T cells isolated from a patient with at least one component selected from the group consisting of:
 - (i) a polypeptide according to claim 1;
- (ii) a polypeptide encoded by a polynucleotide comprising a sequence of any one of SEQ ID NO: 1-111, 115-171, 173-175, 177, 179-305, 307-315, 326, 328, 330, 332-335, 340-375, 381, 382 and 384-476, 524, 526, 530, 531, 533, 535 and 536;
 - (iii) a polynucleotide encoding a polypeptide of (i) or (ii); or
 - (iv) an antigen-presenting cell that expresses a polypeptide of (i) or (ii); such that T cells proliferate;

- (b) cloning at least one proliferated cell to provide cloned T cells; and
- (c) administering to the patient an effective amount of the cloned T cells, and thereby inhibiting the development of a cancer in the patient.
- 42. A method for determining the presence or absence of a cancer in a patient, comprising the steps of:
- (a) contacting a biological sample obtained from a patient with a binding agent that binds to a prostate-specific protein, wherein the protein comprises an amino acid sequence that is encoded by a polynucleotide sequence selected from the group consisting of:
- (i) polynucleotides recited in any one of SEQ ID NO: 1-111, 115-171, 173-175, 177, 179-305, 307-315, 326, 328, 330, 332-335, 340-375, 381, 382 and 384-476, 524, 526, 530, 531, 533, 535 and 536; and
 - (ii) complements of the foregoing polynucleotides;
- (b) detecting in the sample an amount of polypeptide that binds to the binding agent; and
- (c) comparing the amount of polypeptide to a predetermined cut-off value, and therefrom determining the presence or absence of a cancer in the patient.
 - 43. A method according to claim 42, wherein the binding agent is an antibody.
- 44. A method according to claim 43, wherein the antibody is a monoclonal antibody.
 - 45. A method according to claim 42, wherein the cancer is prostate cancer.
- 46. A method for monitoring the progression of a cancer in a patient, comprising the steps of:
- (a) contacting a biological sample obtained from a patient at a first point in time with a binding agent that binds to a prostate-specific protein, wherein the protein comprises

an amino acid sequence that is encoded by a polynucleotide sequence of any one of SEQ ID NO: 1-111, 115-171, 173-175, 177, 179-305, 307-315, 326, 328, 330, 332-335, 340-375, 381, 382 and 384-476, 524, 526, 530, 531, 533, 535 and 536, or a complement of any of the foregoing polynucleotides;

- (b) detecting in the sample an amount of polypeptide that binds to the binding agent;
- (c) repeating steps (a) and (b) using a biological sample obtained from the patient at a subsequent point in time; and
- (d) comparing the amount of polypeptide detected in step (c) to the amount detected in step (b) and therefrom monitoring the progression of the cancer in the patient.
 - 47. A method according to claim 46, wherein the binding agent is an antibody.
- 48. A method according to claim 47, wherein the antibody is a monoclonal antibody.
 - 49. A method according to claim 46, wherein the cancer is a prostate cancer.
- 50. A method for determining the presence or absence of a cancer in a patient, comprising the steps of:
- (a) contacting a biological sample obtained from a patient with an oligonucleotide that hybridizes to a polynucleotide that encodes a prostate-specific protein, wherein the protein comprises an amino acid sequence that is encoded by a polynucleotide sequence of any one of SEQ ID NO: 1-111, 115-171, 173-175, 177, 179-305, 307-315, 326, 328, 330, 332-335, 340-375, 381, 382 and 384-476, 524, 526, 530, 531, 533, 535 and 536, or a complement of any of the foregoing polynucleotides;
- (b) detecting in the sample an amount of a polynucleotide that hybridizes to the oligonucleotide; and

- (c) comparing the amount of polynucleotide that hybridizes to the oligonucleotide to a predetermined cut-off value, and therefrom determining the presence or absence of a cancer in the patient.
- 51. A method according to claim 50, wherein the amount of polynucleotide that hybridizes to the oligonucleotide is determined using a polymerase chain reaction.
- 52. A method according to claim 50, wherein the amount of polynucleotide that hybridizes to the oligonucleotide is determined using a hybridization assay.
- 53. A method for monitoring the progression of a cancer in a patient, comprising the steps of:
- (a) contacting a biological sample obtained from a patient with an oligonucleotide that hybridizes to a polynucleotide that encodes a prostate-specific protein, wherein the protein comprises an amino acid sequence that is encoded by a polynucleotide sequence of any one of SEQ ID NO: 1-111, 115-171, 173-175, 177, 179-305, 307-315, 326, 328, 330, 332-335, 340-375, 381, 382 and 384-476, 524, 526, 530, 531, 533, 535 and 536, or a complement of any of the foregoing polynucleotides;
- (b) detecting in the sample an amount of a polynucleotide that hybridizes to the oligonucleotide;
- (c) repeating steps (a) and (b) using a biological sample obtained from the patient at a subsequent point in time; and
- (d) comparing the amount of polynucleotide detected in step (c) to the amount detected in step (b) and therefrom monitoring the progression of the cancer in the patient.
- 54. A method according to claim 53, wherein the amount of polynucleotide that hybridizes to the oligonucleotide is determined using a polymerase chain reaction.

- 55. A method according to claim 53, wherein the amount of polynucleotide that hybridizes to the oligonucleotide is determined using a hybridization assay.
 - 56. A diagnostic kit, comprising:
 - (a) one or more antibodies according to claim 11; and
 - (b) a detection reagent comprising a reporter group.
- 57. A kit according to claim 56, wherein the antibodies are immobilized on a solid support.
- 58. A kit according to claim 56, wherein the detection reagent comprises an anti-immunoglobulin, protein G, protein A or lectin.
- 59. A kit according to claim 56, wherein the reporter group is selected from the group consisting of radioisotopes, fluorescent groups, luminescent groups, enzymes, biotin and dye particles.
- 60. An oligonucleotide comprising 10 to 40 contiguous nucleotides that hybridize under moderately stringent conditions to a polynucleotide that encodes a prostate-specific protein, wherein the protein comprises an amino acid sequence that is encoded by a polynucleotide sequence recited in any one of SEQ ID NO: 2, 3, 8-29, 41-45, 47-52, 54-65, 70, 73-74, 79, 81, 87, 90, 92, 93, 97, 103, 104, 107, 109-111, 115-160, 171, 173-175, 177, 181, 188, 191, 193, 194, 198, 203, 204, 207, 209, 220, 222-225, 227-305, 307-315, 326, 328, 330, 332, 334, 350-365, 381, 382, 384, 386, 389, 390, 392, 393, 396, 401, 402, 407, 408, 410, 413, 415-419, 422, 426, 427, 432, 434, 435, 442-444, 446, 450, 452, 453, 459-461, 468-476, 524, 526, 530, 531, 533, 535 and 536, or a complement of any of the foregoing polynucleotides.
- 61. A oligonucleotide according to claim 60, wherein the oligonucleotide comprises 10-40 contiguous nucleotides recited in any one of SEQ ID NO: 2, 3, 8-29, 41-45, 47-

52, 54-65, 70, 73-74, 79, 81, 87, 90, 92, 93, 97, 103, 104, 107, 109-111, 115-160, 171, 173-175, 177, 181, 188, 191, 193, 194, 198, 203, 204, 207, 209, 220, 222-225, 227-305, 307-315, 326, 328, 330, 332, 334, 350-365, 381, 382, 384, 386, 389, 390, 392, 393, 396, 401, 402, 407, 408, 410, 413, 415-419, 422, 426, 427, 432, 434, 435, 442-444, 446, 450, 452, 453, 459-461, 468-476, 524, 526, 530, 531, 533, 535 and 536.

- 62. A diagnostic kit, comprising:
- (a) an oligonucleotide according to claim 61; and
- (b) a diagnostic reagent for use in a polymerase chain reaction or hybridization assay.
- 63. A host cell according to claim 10, wherein the cell is selected from the group consisting of: *E. coli*, baculovirus and mammalian cells.
 - 64. A recombinant protein produced by a host cell according to claim 10.